Authorising restrictive practices

This Information Sheet provides practitioners, service providers and disability support workers with information about the authorisation of restrictive practices as applied to adults (18 years or older) who;

- have an intellectual or cognitive disability; and
- are receiving services provided by Disability Services, or services prescribed by regulation and funded under a NDIS participant plan; and
- behave in a way that causes physical harm or a serious risk of physical harm to themselves or others

What are restrictive practices?

The Disability Services Act 2006 (the Act) defines restrictive practices as any of the following practices used in response to the behaviour of an adult with an intellectual or cognitive disability that causes harm to the adult or others:

- containing or secluding an adult;
- using chemical, mechanical or physical restraint on an adult; or
- restricting access of the adult.

These terms are further defined in the Act.

Important note: The locking of gates, doors and windows to safeguard adults who only have a skills deficit that might otherwise place them at risk is not a restrictive practice under the Act. For further information see the Information Sheet, Locking of Gates, Doors and Windows.

Regulating the use of restrictive practices

The Act regulates the use of restrictive practices with adults with an intellectual or cognitive disability by services provided by Disability Services, or services prescribed by regulation and funded under a NDIS participant plan by specifying certain conditions under which they may be considered for use.

For example, a restrictive practice may only be used as part of a planned response to an adult’s behaviour that causes harm where it has been demonstrated that such a response is the least restrictive way of ensuring the safety of the adult or others (as is practicable in the circumstances). The Act also requires that a relevant service provider undertakes appropriate assessment and develop a positive behaviour support plan.

A key safeguard of the Act is the requirement for Disability Services, or services prescribed by regulation and funded under a NDIS participant plan to seek authorisation from the relevant independent body or person prior to the use of the restrictive practice.

What is authorisation?

The Act helps safeguard people with an intellectual or cognitive disability and their rights against the inappropriate use of restrictive practices. The Act provides an accountability framework that allows for transparency in the decision-making process to authorise the use of a restrictive practice — by a relevant service provider — with an adult with an intellectual or cognitive disability.
The Act sets out a number of requirements that the relevant disability service provider must follow to legally use a restrictive practice. This includes using the restrictive practice where:

- it complies with the approval or consent of the relevant decision maker;
- it is necessary to prevent the adult’s behaviour that causes harm to the adult or others;
- it is the least restrictive way of ensuring the safety of the adult or others (as is practicable in the circumstances);
- it complies with a positive behaviour support plan developed for the adult.

Authorisation must be sought by each relevant disability service provider who intends to implement the restrictive practice in regard to the adult. For example, where an adult receives disability services from both an accommodation support provider and a community access provider, and where both service providers propose to use a restrictive practice in relation to the adult, then both services are required to seek authorisation for any restrictive practice used in response to the adult’s behaviour that causes harm.

Further, authorisation must be provided for each specific type of restrictive practice. Authorisation for use of one restrictive practice does not allow a service provider to legally use other restrictive practices. For example, in the instance where a service provider has previously been authorised to use containment and it is proposed to also use mechanical restraint in conjunction with the containment, a separate authorisation is required. The service provider would be required to seek authorisation from the body that had previously authorised the use of containment. This may also require that appropriate assessment documentation is updated or amended, and that the additional restrictive practice is incorporated into the positive behaviour support plan.

Authorisation may be given to use a restrictive practice for a time-limited period only. The decision to authorise a restrictive practice must be regularly reviewed within agreed time frames.

**Who can authorise a restrictive practice?**

This depends on:

- whether the use of the restrictive practice is planned or unplanned;
- the type of restrictive practice (containment and seclusion, chemical/mechanical/physical restraint or restricted access to objects);
- the type of disability service the adult is receiving (respite and/or community access only, or accommodation and community support alone, together, or in conjunction with respite and/or community access).

This information is outlined in Restrictive Practices Requirements Matrix table at the end of this fact sheet.

**How to seek authorisation**

Many adults in the target group will be receiving support from more than one service, and some adults may be in receipt of more than one restrictive practice. Irrespective of the number of service providers or the number of restrictive practices, an adult should have a single positive behaviour support plan developed. This plan should take into account and incorporate the range of service settings, the types of restrictive practices, and all aspects of the adult’s behaviour support needs. This plan must be consistent with the adult’s broader needs as outlined in their individual plan.
In general, where an adult is receiving disability support from more than one disability service provider, the service providing the most hours of support to the adult should take primary responsibility for coordinating the assessment and planning activities, and obtaining authorisation for that adult. In situations where primary responsibility is difficult to ascertain or by mutual agreement between service providers, this arrangement may vary.

Collaboration between service providers for the adult is critical, so that the single positive behaviour support plan reflects the adult’s different needs in different service environments. However, the plan should also have consistency of the planned approaches across service providers and environments.

It is the responsibility of the disability service provider with primary responsibility to initiate the authorisation process by lodging the necessary documents with the appropriate support plan. These include a comprehensive assessment report and positive behaviour support plan. For containment and seclusion, this lodging is done jointly with Disability Services, except where the person is receiving respite and/or community access services only, in which case it is the relevant service provider’s responsibility.

In some instances an application for the appointment of a formal guardian for restrictive practices will need to be made to the Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal (QCAT).

It is the responsibility of relevant service provider to work closely with the adult with a disability and their family or carers to support and initiate the application process. Refer to the Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal website: www.qcat.qld.gov.au for further information on guardianship and guardians.

**Reviewing authorisation**

The decision to authorise a restrictive practice must be regularly reviewed within agreed time frames. Significant changes to the use of a restrictive practice also require a review of the decision to authorise a restrictive practice.

**Further Information**

For more information, contact the Positive Behaviour Support and Restrictive Practice team on 1800 902 006 or enquiries_DSA_RP@communities.qld.gov.au.

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* Where the adult in is receipt of a funded accommodation support package and also has additional respite/community access services, the general rule applies.

** Plan implementation, monitoring and review not required for Chemical Restraint Respite (fixed dose) only.

*** For definitions used in this table please see the Glossary.